

YORK UNIVERSITY

Security Incident Statistics - Fiscal Year Comparison

Overview of 2011-2012 Security Incidents

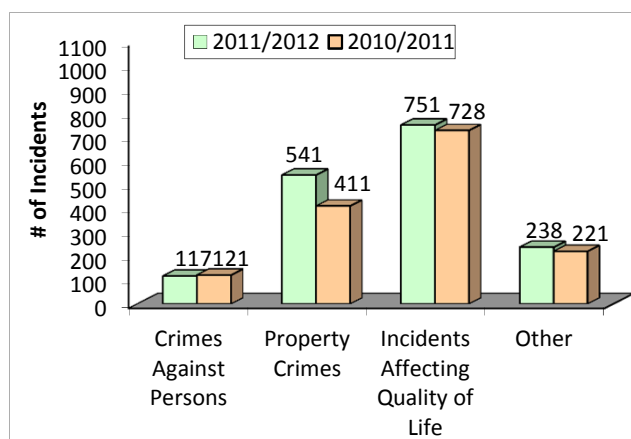
Reported incidents increased 11 percent, from 1,481 in 2010-11 to 1,647 in 2011-12.

	2011/2012	2010/2011	% Change	2009/2010
# of Incidents	1,647	1,481	11	1,964
# of Calls for Service	9,673	10,178	-5	12,777

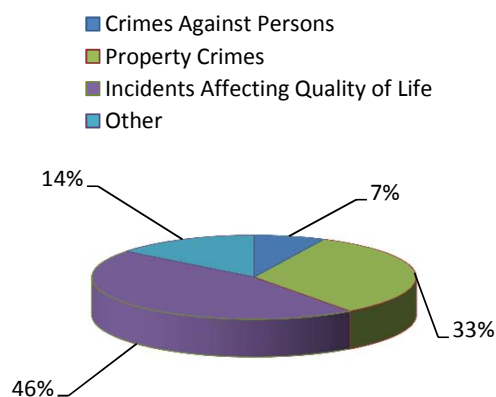
Incidents - By Classification

	2011/2012	2010/2011	% Change	2009/2010
Crimes Against Persons	117	121	-3	142
Property Crimes	541	411	32	676
Incidents Affecting Quality of Life	751	728	3	849
Other	238	221	8	297

York University Incident Classifications



Percent of 2011/12 Incidents By Classification



Classification Definitions

Crimes Against Persons:

Involve the application and/or threat of force to a person. These include all sexual assaults, assaults, harassment and homicide categories, abduction, indecent acts, intimidation, robbery, and uttering threats.

Property Crimes:

Involve unlawful acts with respect to property but do not involve the use or threat of violence against a person. Included are all break and enter, theft, and mischief categories, arson, and fraud.

Incidents Affecting Quality of Life:

Involve unlawful acts that are generally victimless in nature, and incidents that do not pose a direct threat to an individual but have an impact as to the perception of safety and fear of crime. These include bomb threats, disorderly behaviour, cause disturbance, smoking complaints, damage, emergency medical calls, false fire alarms, suspicious vehicles and persons, trespass, occupations, demonstrations, and hate incidents.

Other Incidents:

Includes information, and unfounded occurrences, hazardous substances, missing persons, and motor vehicle collisions, among others.

Annual Per Capita Comparison - Per 1,000 Population York University Incidents, Compared to City of Toronto

Per Capita Comparison - By Classification	2011 Crimes Against Persons per 1,000 Population	2010 Crimes Against Persons per 1,000 Population	2009 Crimes Against Persons per 1,000 Population	2011 Property Crimes per 1,000 Population	2010 Property Crimes per 1,000 Population	2009 Property Crimes per 1,000 Population
City of Toronto*	11	11	11	32	33	37
31 Division*	16	14	16	31	28	33
York University (2011-12 Campus Pop. Not available)	N/A	2	2	N/A	9	11

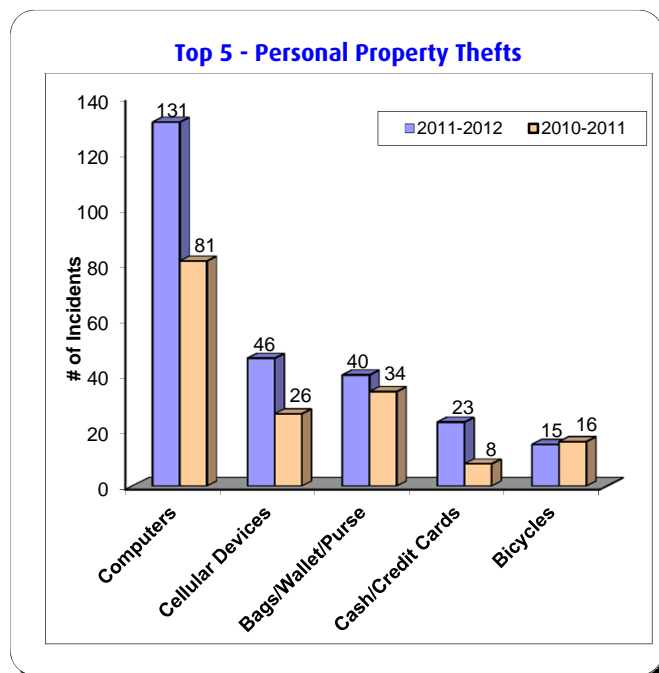
* Source: Toronto Police 2011 Annual Statistical Report.

Top 5 Incidents - By Category

	2011/2012	2010/2011	% Change	2009/2010
Theft, Under \$5000 (Private Property)	287	205	40	302
Emergency Medicals	265	303	-13	325
False Fire Alarms	242	189	28	247
Mischief, Under \$5000 (Univ. Property)	108	111	-3	253
Information	67	67	0	105
Total	969	875	11	1232

The Top 5 Incidents accounted for 59 percent of the total number of incidents recorded in 2011/12.

Theft, Under \$5000 (Private Property) moved to become the number one reported incident in 2011-12 and increased 40 percent to 287 incidents compared to 205 in 2010-11. Computer equipment continued to be the leading type of personal property theft and increased 62 percent to 131 incidents compared to 81 in 2010-11. In Scott Library, 117 thefts were reported or 41 percent of the total thefts in 2011-12, compared to 64 thefts in 2010-11. This represents an 83 percent increase in Library thefts. Laptop computer thefts from Scott Library totalled 86 incidents or 73 percent of all thefts reported in Scott Library. Overall at York, cellular/wireless device thefts increased 77 percent. Wallet/Purse thefts increased 18 percent. Credit card/cash theft increased to 23 incidents compared to 8 the previous year, an increase attributable in part to several thefts from rooms in Vanier Residence by a community member.



Emergency Medicals dropped into second place in the top 5 for 2011-12 and decreased 13 percent to 265 incidents compared to 303 in 2010-11.

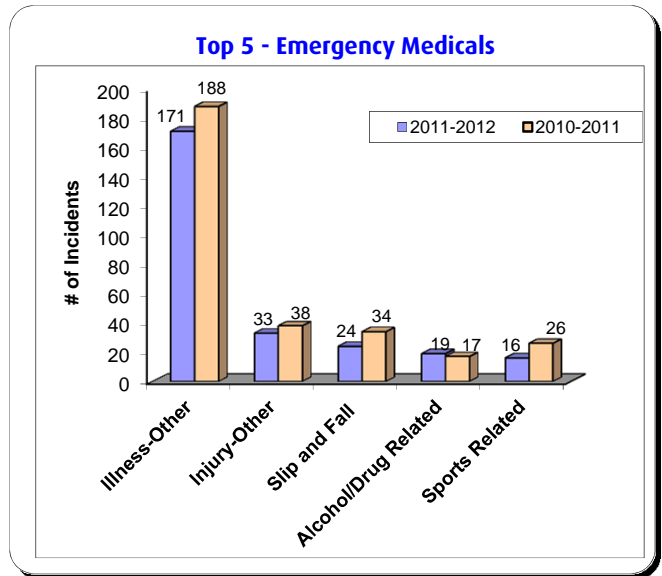
Sudden Illness accounted for 65 percent of medical incidents reported and decreased 9 percent from the previous year. Reported Injuries decreased 13 percent to 33 incidents compared to 38 in 2010-11.

Slip and Fall injuries decreased 29 percent.

Sports related illness and injuries decreased 38 percent.

Alcohol and Drug related incidents increased 12 percent to 19 incidents in 2011-12 compared to 17 the previous year.

9 incidents or 47 percent of the total alcohol/drug related incidents occurred in residences compared to 10 incidents or 59 percent the previous year.



False Fire Alarms increased 28 percent to 242 alarms compared to 189 in 2010-11.

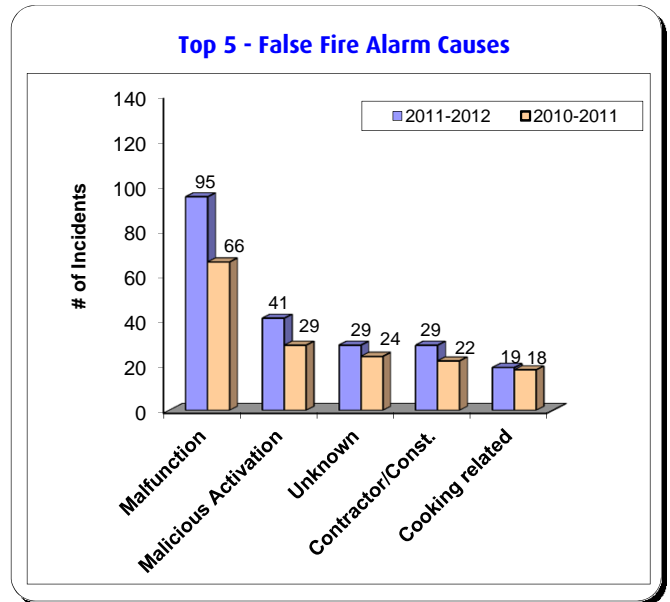
Malfunctioning Alarms accounted for 39 percent of the total in 2011-12 and increased 44 percent over the previous year.

Maliciously activated alarms increased 41 percent to 41 incidents compared to 29 the previous year.

Contractor/Construction related alarms increased slightly to 29 compared to 22 in 2010-11.

Alarms with an undetermined cause increased to 29 compared to 24 the previous year.

Cooking related alarms continued to be an issue and occurred primarily in Calumet Residence.

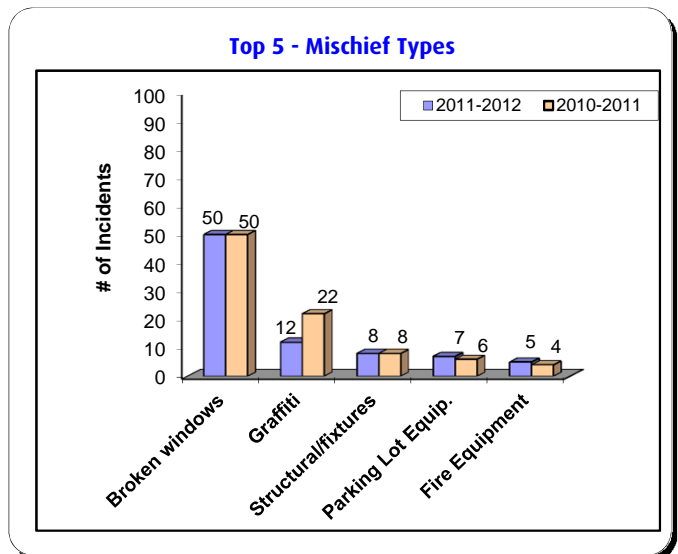


Mischief, Under \$5000 (Univ. Property) decreased 3 percent to 108 incidents compared to 111 incidents the previous year.

Damaged glass continued to account for the majority of mischief incidents reported and remained unchanged with 50 incidents.

Graffiti incidents continued to decline with 12 incidents in 2011-12 compared to 22 in 2010-11 and 73 incidents in 2009-10, an 84 percent decrease over a three year period.

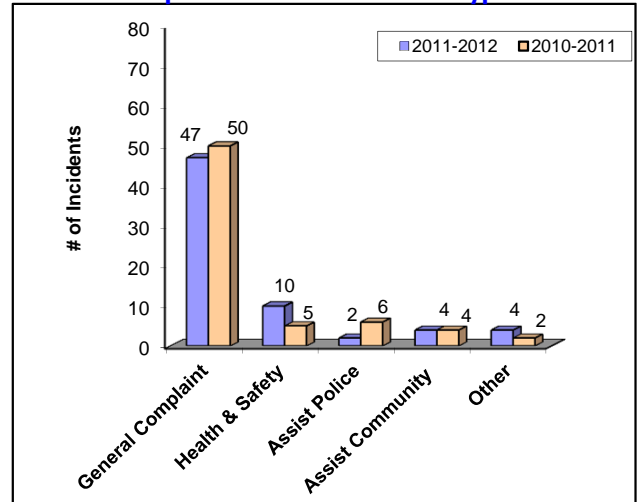
Fire Equipment tampering and parking lot equipment each increased slightly.



Information reports continued to rank in the top 5 and remained unchanged with 67 incidents.

The top 5 information reports include general complaints & concerns, health & safety concerns, assisting Police and community members and insecure premises.

Top 5 - Information Incident Types



Selected Violent Crimes - Fiscal Year Comparison

Sexual Assault incidents decreased to 4 incidents in 2011-12 compared to 6 in 2010-11, and 15 incidents in 2009-10.

This represent a 73 percent decrease over the three year period.

Non-Sexual Assaults increased 8 percent to 27 incidents compared to 25 the previous year. Common Assault accounted 59 percent of these assaults.

Robbery incidents decreased 58 percent to 13 incidents compared to 31 incidents the previous year.

Selected Violent Crimes

